In the Claims

Claim 1 (Currently amended): A method for modulating an immune response, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-12, and an operably linked promoter sequence; and an effective amount of a nucleic acid sequence encoding IFN-γ, and an operably linked promoter sequence, such that the administering results resulting in an increase of Th1-type cytokine production, an increase of IgG2a levels, and a decrease of Th2-type cytokine production, and reduced serum IgE levels within the patient.

Claim 2 (Currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the administering step includes selecting the IL-12 [[is]] to be human IL-12, and wherein the IFN-γ is human IFN-γ.

Claim 3 (Currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the administering step includes selecting the IL-12 comprises the to comprise a p35 subunit and the a p40 subunit, wherein the p35 subunit comprises the to comprise an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, and wherein the p40 subunit comprises the to comprise an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:10.

Claim 4 (Currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the administering step includes selecting the IL-12-comprises to comprise a p35 subunit and a p40 subunit, wherein the p35 subunit—is being operably linked to a promoter sequence, and—wherein the p40 subunit—is being operably linked to a promoter sequence.

Claim 5 (Cancelled)

Claim 6 (Currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the administering step includes selecting the IFN-γ comprises the to comprise an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12.

Claim 7 (Currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the administering step includes selecting the nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-12-comprises to comprise SEQ ID NO:7 and SEQ ID NO:9.

Claim 8 (Currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the administering step includes selecting the nucleic acid sequence encoding IFN-γ-comprises to comprise SEQ ID NO:11.

Claim 9 (Previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid sequences are administered with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claim 10 (Cancelled)

Claim 11 (Previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid sequences are administered within separate DNA plasmids.

Claim 12 (Previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid sequences and promoter sequences are administered within a viral vector.

Claim 13 (Cancelled)

Claim 14 (Original): The method of claim 1, further comprising administering an antigen to the patient.

Claim 15 (Original): The method of claim 14, wherein the antigen is selected from the group consisting of a protein, peptide, glycoprotein, carbohydrate, lipid, glycolipid, hapten conjugate, recombinant nucleotides, killed or attenuated organism, toxin, toxoid, and organic molecule.

Claims 16-17 (Cancelled)

Claim 18 (Previously presented): The method of claim 14, wherein the antigen is administered to the patient with the nucleic acid sequences and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claim 19 (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the patient is human.

Claim 20 (Previously presented): A pharmaceutical composition comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-12 and an operably linked promoter sequence; a nucleic acid sequence encoding IFN-γ and an operably linked promoter sequence; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claim 21 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein said IL-12 is human IL-12, and wherein said IFN-γ is human IFN-γ.

Claim 22 (Cancelled)

Claim 23 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein said IL-12 comprises a p35 subunit and a p40 subunit, wherein the said p35 subunit comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, and wherein said p40 subunit comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:10.

Claim 24 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein said IFN-γ comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12.

Claim 25 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein said nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-12 comprises SEQ ID NO:7 and SEQ ID NO:9.

Claim 26 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein said nucleic acid sequence encoding IFN-γ comprises SEQ ID NO:11.

Claim 27 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein said composition comprises an expression vector containing said nucleic acid sequences and said promoter sequences.

Claim 28 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein said nucleic acid sequences are contained within separate DNA plasmids.

Claim 29 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein said nucleic acid sequences and said promoter sequences are contained within a viral vector.

Claim 30 (Original): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein said composition further comprises an antigen.

Claim 31 (Original): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 30, wherein said antigen is selected from the group consisting of a protein, peptide, glycoprotein, carbohydrate, lipid, glycolipid, hapten conjugate, recombinant nucleotides, killed or attenuated organism, toxin, toxoid, and organic molecule.

Claims 32-42 (Cancelled)

Claim 43 (Currently amended): A method for modulating an immune response, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a plasmid comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-12, and an operably linked promoter sequence; and an effective amount of a plasmid comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding IFN-γ, and an operably linked promoter sequence, such that the administering results resulting in an increase of Th1-type cytokine production, an increase of IgG2a levels, and a decrease of Th2-type cytokine production, and reduced serum IgE levels within the patient.

Claim 44 (Previously presented): The method of claim 43, further comprising administering an antigen to the patient.

Claim 45 (Currently amended): The method of claim 44, wherein the administering step includes selecting the antigen-is to comprise an allergen.

Claim 46 (Currently amended): The method of claim 44, wherein the administering step includes selecting the antigen comprises to comprise Kentucky blue grass (KBG) allergen extract.

Claim 47 (Currently amended): The method of claim 43, wherein the administering step includes selecting the operably linked promoters are to comprise cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoters.

Claim 48 (Currently amended): The method of claim 44, wherein the administering step includes selecting the antigen comprises to comprise Kentucky blue grass (KBG) allergen extract, and wherein the operably linked promoters are to comprise cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoters.

Claim 49 (Previously presented): The method of claim 43, wherein the patient is human.

Claim 50 (Currently amended): The method of claim 43, wherein the administering step includes selecting the IL-12-comprises the to comprise amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO:8 and SEQ ID NO:10, and wherein the IFN-γ-comprises the to comprise an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12.

Claim 51 (Cancelled)

Claim 52 (Previously presented): The method of claim 43, wherein the patient suffers from a condition selected from the group consisting of allergy, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, asthma, allergic sinusitis, pulmonary fibrosis, and cancer.

Claim 53 (Previously presented): The method of claim 43, further comprising administering an antigen to the patient, wherein the plasmids are administered by a route selected from the group consisting of intramuscularly, orally, and intranasally.

Claim 54 (Previously presented): A pharmaceutical composition comprising a plasmid comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-12, and an operably linked promoter; a plasmid comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding IFN-γ and an operably linked promoter; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claim 55 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 54, wherein said composition further comprises an antigen.

Claim 56 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 55, wherein said antigen is an allergen.

Claim 57 (Previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 54, wherein said IL-12 comprises the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 8 and SEQ ID NO:10, and wherein said IFN-y comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12.

Claim 58 (Previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-12 and the nucleic acid sequence encoding IFN-γ are administered to the patient through a mucosal route.

Claim 59 (Previously presented): The method of claim 14, wherein the nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-12 and the nucleic acid sequence encoding IFN-γ are administered to the patient through a mucosal route.

Claim 60 (Previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-12 and the nucleic acid sequence encoding IFN-γ are administered to the patient intranasally.

Claim 61 (Previously presented): The method of claim 14, wherein the nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-12 and the nucleic acid sequence encoding IFN-γ are administered to the patient intranasally.

Claim 62 (Previously presented): The method of claim 43, wherein the plasmids are administered to the patient through a mucosal route.

Claim 63 (Previously presented): The method of claim 44, wherein the plasmids are administered to the patient through a mucosal route.

Claim 64 (Previously presented): The method of claim 43, wherein the plasmids are administered to the patient intranasally.

Claim 65 (Previously presented): The method of claim 44, wherein the plasmids are administered to the patient intranasally.

Claim 66 (New): The method of claim 1, wherein the patient suffers from a condition selected from the group consisting of allergy, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, asthma, allergic sinusitis, pulmonary fibrosis, and cancer.

Claim 67 (New): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, wherein said composition increases Th1-type cytokine production, increases IgG2a, decreases Th2-type cytokine production, and reduces serum IgE *in vivo*.

Claim 68 (New): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 54, wherein said composition increases Th1-type cytokine production, increases IgG2a, decreases Th2-type cytokine production, and reduces serum IgE *in vivo*.